Exercise 36

Given the function $p(c) = c^2 + c$:

- (a) Evaluate p(-3).
- (b) Solve p(c) = 2.

Solution

Evaluate the given function at x = -3.

$$p(-3) = (-3)^2 + (-3) = 9 - 3 = 6 \quad \rightarrow \quad p(-3) = 6$$

Plug in 2 for p(c) and solve the equation for c.

$$2 = c^{2} + c$$

$$c^{2} + c - 2 = 0$$

$$c = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1^{2} - 4(1)(-2)}}{2}$$

$$c = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1 + 8}}{2}$$

$$c = \frac{-1 \pm 3}{2}$$

$$c = \frac{-1 \pm 3}{2}$$

$$c = \frac{-1 - 3}{2} = -2$$

$$\boxed{c = \{-2, 1\}}$$